

ICE CREAM MISSING WORDS ACTIVITY

The history of Ice cream

The first evidence of _____, or simply flavoured ice, comes from way back in the _____ Empire. During the hot Persian summers, people would add _____ juice to snow as a treat. In fact some of the _____ actually had to be taken from the tops of mountains!

In the _____, the first ice cream recipes appeared in _____, in the book 'Mrs. Mary Eales's Receipts'. This recipe was the first to call for cold cream instead of ice, which was then flavoured with fruit.

Ice Cream quickly became an expensive _____ for England's higher classes. One tale even suggests that the _____ family tried to keep ice cream to themselves, but simply couldn't stop it from taking over the British public. Meanwhile the popularity of ice cream spread to America, where new recipes and processes were created, such as the first ice cream _____.

Ice cream as we know it today, however, is most closely associated with vans, cones and beaches - a portable, tasty snack on a _____ day. Nobody realised this potential, however, until a Swiss-Italian businessman called Carlo Gatti opened the first ice cream stall outside London's Charing Cross station in 1851, serving _____ of ice cream in wafer shells, marking the true invention of modern ice cream.

Missing Words

1700s England grape ice-cream luxury Persian royal
scoops snow summer's sundaes



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The history of Ice cream

The first evidence of (ice-cream), or simply flavoured ice, comes from way back in the (Persian) Empire. During the hot Persian summers, people would add (grape) juice to snow as a treat. In fact some of the (snow) actually had to be taken from the tops of mountains!

In the (1700s), the first ice cream recipes appeared in (England), in the book 'Mrs. Mary Eales's Receipts'. This recipe was the first to call for cold cream instead of ice, which was then flavoured with fruit.

Ice Cream quickly became an expensive (luxury) for England's higher classes. One tale even suggests that the (royal) family tried to keep ice cream to themselves, but simply couldn't stop it from taking over the British public. Meanwhile the popularity of ice cream spread to America, where new recipes and processes were created, such as the first ice cream (sundaes).

Ice cream as we know it today, however, is most closely associated with vans, cones and beaches - a portable, tasty snack on a (summer's) day. Nobody realised this potential, however, until a Swiss-Italian businessman called Carlo Gatti opened the first ice cream stall outside London's Charing Cross station in 1851, serving (scoops) of ice cream in wafer shells, marking the true invention of modern ice cream.

